

# Patient Sleep Wake Questionnaire

This questionnaire is for patients 13 years of age or older who have a **scheduled appointment** at the Sleep Center. It will take approximately 15 to 20 minutes to complete. The information you provide is very important and will assist the sleep specialist during the review of your sleep symptoms. This questionnaire has been compiled based on many years of accumulated experience in Sleep Medicine. The information will be treated with the utmost discretion and will not be used by any party other than Palo Alto Medical Foundation (PAMF). Please respond to all questions by checking the appropriate box or completing the free text sections. If you have a bed partner, a parent or guardian, or otherwise someone who is willing to and is able to comment on your sleep patterns or behaviors during sleep, please have them complete Section 11.

Patient Name		_	
Scheduled Appointme	nt Date	Sleep Specialist	
Today's Date	DOB	Age	Sex
Height (inches)	Weight Now (lbs)	Weight 1 Year Ago	Weight 5 Years Ago
Marital Status	Number of Children	_	
Was Referred By		Name of Doctor	
Specific issues I want	to discuss at my appointment (	please, list in order of concerr	n):
1			
2			
3.			

## 1. Sleep Schedule

What time do you go to bed on <b>weekdays</b> ?		□a.m. □ p.m.
What time do you go to bed on weekends?		
What time do you get out of bed on weekdays?		a.m.
What time do you get out of bed on weekends?		
How much sleep do you get on an average night (hours)?		
Are you a morning type, evening type, neither?		
What would be your ideal bedtimes? (from (a.m./p.m.) to (a.m./p.m.))		
Do you nap?	Yes	□No
How often do you nap? (number of times per week)		
How long are the naps? (in minutes)		
Do you awaken refreshed from the nap?	Yes	□No
What are your usual work hours?		
Are you a shift worker?	Yes	□No
If <b>yes</b> , what kind of shift do you work (hours)?		
What is (was) your occupation?		
If <b>retired</b> , when?		
2. Sleep History		
Do you have difficulty falling asleep?	Yes	No
Do you have difficulty staying asleep?	Yes	No
Do you wake up too early and cannot get back to sleep?	Yes	□No
Do you have thoughts racing through your mind that make it difficult to sleep?	Yes	□No
How long does it take you to fall asleep at night (minutes)?		
Do you read in bed?	Yes	□No
Do you watch TV in bed?	Yes	No
Do you share the bed with anyone?	Yes	□No
Does your partner have a sleep disorder?	Yes	□No
Do you have pets sleep in the bedroom?	Yes	□No

Is your bedroom comfortable?	Yes	□No
If <b>yes</b> , please describe:		
How many times do you wake up during the night?		
How long does it take you to fall asleep again (minutes)?		
Do you have unpleasant feelings of fear, anxiety, tension, or unhappiness waking you up?	Yes	No
Do you have feelings of muscle tension or tightness in your arms or chest?	Yes	□No
Do you have pain or joint discomfort?	Yes	□No
Do you have other problems waking you up?	Yes	No
If <b>yes</b> , please describe:		
In the morning, do you wake up with an alarm, naturally, both:		
In the morning, do you wake up feeling sleepy, groggy, refreshed, tired:		
3. Abnormal Movements/Behaviors		
Do you have or have you ever experienced:		
An urge to move your legs, usually accompanied by uncomfortable and unpleasant sensations in the legs?	Yes	□No
Discomfort in the legs that worsens during periods of rest or inactivity such as lying down or sitting?	Yes	□No
Discomfort in the legs that is relieved by movement, like walking or stretching?	Yes	□No
Discomfort that worsens during the nighttime?	Yes	No
Do you have leg cramps (charley horse)?	Yes	No
Do you kick or jerk your arms or legs during sleep?	Yes	No
Are your bed covers messy in the morning?	Yes	□No
Do you kick, punch or poke your bed partner while asleep?	Yes	□No
If <b>yes</b> , have you ever injured your bed partner or yourself?		

Do you grind your teeth?	Yes	□No
Do you wear a bite splint (mouth guard)?	Yes	No
Do you walk in your sleep?	Yes	No
If <b>yes</b> , when was the last time?		
Do you talk in your sleep?	Yes	No
Do you have nightmares or night terrors?	Yes	No
If <b>yes</b> , please describe the behavior, including the time of nigand frequency:	ght,	
Have you acted out your dreams?	Yes	□No
Do you make rolling movements or bang your head at night?	Yes	□No
Did you have sleep problems as a child?	Yes	□No
If <b>yes</b> , please describe:		
4. Daytime Sleepiness		
4. Daytime Sleepiness Have you fallen asleep unexpectedly?	☐Yes	□No
•	☐ Yes ☐ Yes	□ No
Have you ever had an accident or near-miss because you have fallen		
Have you fallen asleep unexpectedly?  Have you ever had an accident or near-miss because you have fallen asleep while driving?	☐ Yes	
Have you ever had an accident or near-miss because you have fallen asleep while driving?  If yes, when?  Have you ever experienced sudden muscle weakness when you laugh, listen to a joke, are surprised or angry?	☐ Yes	□No
Have you ever had an accident or near-miss because you have fallen asleep while driving?  If yes, when?  Have you ever experienced sudden muscle weakness when you laugh, listen to a joke, are surprised or angry?  If yes, answer the questions below. If no, please skip to the	Yes Yes next questions.	□ No
Have you ever had an accident or near-miss because you have fallen asleep while driving?  If yes, when?  Have you ever experienced sudden muscle weakness when you laugh, listen to a joke, are surprised or angry?  If yes, answer the questions below. If no, please skip to the say of the	Yes  Yes  next questions.	□ No □ No

How long does the weakness usually last?		
Have you experienced dreamlike images or sounds while falling asleep or waking up?	Yes	No
Have you experienced an inability to move while falling asleep or waking up?	Yes	□No
The Epworth Sleepiness Scale		
How likely are you to doze off or fall asleep in the following situations? This referecent times. Even if you have not done some of these things recently, try to wo affected you. Use the following scale to choose the most appropriate number f  0 = would never doze  1 = slight chance of dozing  2 = moderate chance of dozing	rk out how they	would have
3 = high chance of dozing		
Sitting and reading		
Watching TV		
Sitting, inactive in a public place (e.g. a theatre or meeting)		
As a passenger in a car for an hour without a break		
Lying down to rest in the afternoon when circumstances permit		
Sitting and talking to someone		
Sitting quietly after a lunch without alcohol		
In a car, while stopped for a few minutes in traffic		
TOTAL score out of 24		

## 5. Snoring/Breathing History

Do you snore?		
What is your preferred sleep position (% of the time in each)?		
Back (% of sleep time)		
Left Side (% of sleep time)		
Right Side (% of sleep time)		
Stomach (% of sleep time)		
Does your sleep position affect your snoring?	Yes	No
Do you awaken with a snort, choking or gasping for air?	Yes	□No
Do you awaken with a headache?	Yes	□No
Has anyone noticed you stop breathing while asleep?	Yes	□No
Do you awaken often to urinate during the night?	Yes	□No
Do you awaken with acid or sour taste in your mouth?	Yes	□No
Do you have difficulty breathing while on your back?	Yes	□No
Do you avoid sharing a room because of snoring?	Yes	□No
Do you sweat excessively during the night?	Yes	□No
Do you awaken with a dry mouth or sore throat?	Yes	□No
6. MEDICAL/SURGICAL HISTORY		
Have you ever had a sleep study in the past?	Yes	□No
If <b>yes</b> , when?		
If <b>yes</b> , where?		
Do you use CPAP or BiPAP at home?	Yes	□No
If <b>yes</b> , what pressure setting?		

Do you use oxygen at home?		Yes	□No
If <b>yes</b> , what liter/flow set	tting?		
Have you ever had tonsils or adenoids removed?			□No
Have you ever had sinus or nasal surgery	?	Yes	□No
Have you ever broken your nose?		Yes	□No
Have you ever had any type of head injur	y?	Yes	□No
Have you ever had surgery to promote w	eight loss?	Yes	□No
If <b>yes</b> , when?			
Have you had dental surgery or orthodon	tics?	Yes	□No
If <b>yes</b> , please describe:			
Please check the appropriate box if you h	nave a history of any of the following	:	
Hypertension	Congestive heart failure		Heart attack
Cardiac arrhythmias	Stroke/TIA		Thyroid disease
☐ Lung problems/COPD/asthma ☐ Pulmonary hypertension			Diabetes
Parkinson's Anemia/iron deficiency			Heartburn/reflux
Arthritis Sexual dysfunction/loss of libid		lo	Fibromyalgia
Depression/anxiety Seizures			Menopause
Frequent blood donations Connective tissue disease (e.g. Lupus)		Lupus)	Cancer
☐ Nasal allergies/congestion ☐ End stage kidney disease/dialysis		sis	Other
If <b>other,</b> please specify:			

#### **FAMILY HISTORY**

Does any mem	ber of your family have any of the following?		
Snoring or slee	p apnea?	Yes	□No
	If <b>yes</b> , relationship		
Narcolepsy?		Yes	□No
	If <b>yes</b> , relationship		
Seizure disorde	er?	Yes	□No
	If <b>yes</b> , relationship		
Depression?		Yes	□No
	If <b>yes</b> , relationship		
Hypertension, h	neart disease, heart failure?	Yes	□No
	If <b>yes</b> , relationship		
Stroke?		Yes	No
	If <b>yes</b> , relationship		
Diabetes?		Yes	□No
	If <b>yes</b> , relationship		
Allergie	S		
Please list any	known medication or environmental (pets, pollens, food, etc.) a	illergies.	

### **Medications**

List current medications (name, dose, and number taken per day), include OTC and vitamin/herbal supplements...

Social History		
Do you use tobacco products (cigarettes, cigars, chewing tobacco, snut	ff, pipe)?	
If <b>yes</b> , packs per day?		
If <b>yes</b> , when did you start?		
If <b>yes — quit</b> , when did you quit?		
Do you drink alcohol?	Yes	□No
If yes, how many drinks?	per (day, we	ek)
Do you drink caffeinated beverages?	Yes	□No
If <b>yes</b> , how many cups (8 oz.) per day?		
Do you use recreational drugs?	Yes	□No
Do you exercise?	Yes	□No
This completes the patient portion of the questionnaire. If you have a botherwise someone who is willing to and is able to comment on your sleplease have them complete Section 11. Otherwise please skip to Section	eep patterns or beha	viors during sleep
Bed Partner, Parent Observation Qu	ıestionnair	е
Do you live with the patient?	Yes	□No
Do you sleep in the same room as the patient?	Yes	□No

If no, is it because of his/her sleep bel	l Yes                                     No	
(i.e. snores too loudly, acts out dreams	s, etc)?	
Check any of the following behaviors t	hat you have observed the patient doing w	/hile asleep.
Loud snoring	Light snoring	Pauses in breathing
Grinding teeth	☐ Twitching of legs or feet during sleep	Sleep-talking
Sleepwalking	Head rocking or banging	Bedwetting
Sitting up in bed but not awake	☐ Kicking legs during sleep	☐ Biting tongue
Getting out of bed but not awake	Becoming very rigid and/or shaking	Other
How long have you been aware of the	sleep behavior(s)	
` '	ve in more detail. Include a description of	•
night when it occurs, frequency during	the night and whether it occurs every nigh	ιι.
Name of person completing this form:		
Relationship to patient:		

#### **Driving While Drowsy**

Excessive Daytime Sleepiness (EDS) can be caused by many different sleep problems and can result in seriously impaired performance and quality of life. We feel obligated to inform you about EDS because of its potential for increased risk of motor vehicle accidents and injuries due to driving while drowsy.

People with EDS often drive drowsy and are twice as likely to be in a car accident when compared with the general population. The car crash is also likely to be more serious, and the rate of personal injury and death due to car crashes amongst people with EDS is three to five times greater than that of the general population. Drowsiness and driving is a dangerous combination. It can be as dangerous as driving drunk. Like alcohol, drowsiness slows reaction time, decreases awareness and impairs judgment.

Only sleep can truly overcome drowsiness. Caffeine may make you feel more alert, but the results are temporary. Turning up the radio, rolling down the windows, getting out of the car and walking, or slapping yourself are not effective means of waking up. The only true remedy for drowsiness is sleep.

If you find yourself becoming drowsy while driving then you should pull over immediately. Options for getting home safely include taking a nap on the side of the road until you are rested enough to drive, calling a friend or family member to come pick you up, or taking a cab or public transportation home. Drowsy driving accidents most often occur when a driver is alone in the vehicle, so carpooling provides someone who can alert the driver of danger and take over behind the wheel if necessary.

The only safe driver is an alert one. Under no circumstances should you drive while drowsy. By using the Acknowledge - Submit button below, you acknowledge that you have been informed of the consequences of driving a motor vehicle while drowsy.

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